CODATA-RDA School of Research Data: Hands-on exercises with the EGI Jupyter Notebooks

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INTRODUCTION

<u>Requirements:</u> For this lab session, we will use the following R libraries: gdata() an open-source, library to import data frame from external data files and plot() to plot datasets.

Data Import in R

It is often necessary to import sample textbook data into R before you start working on your homework. We will import data from Excel but there are a number of options for this:

1.) From table text file

A data table can resides in a text file. The cells inside the table are separated by blank characters. Here is an example of a table with 4 rows and 3 columns.

100 a1 b1 200 a2 b2 300 a3 b3 400 a4 b4

Now copy and paste the table above in a file named "mydata.txt" with a text editor. Then load the data into the workspace with the function read.table.

3 300 a3 b3 4 400 a4 b4

2.) From Excel file

Quite frequently, the sample data is in **Excel** format, and needs to be imported into R prior to use. For this, we can use the function read.xls from the gdata package. It reads from an Excel spreadsheet and returns a <u>data frame</u>. The following shows how to load an Excel spreadsheet named "mydata.xls". This method requires Perl runtime to be present in the system.

3.) From CSV File (Comma Separated Values)

The sample data can also be in comma separated values (CSV) format. Each cell inside such data file is separated by a special character, which usually is a comma, although other characters can be used as well. The first row of the data file should contain the column names instead of the actual data. Here is a sample of the expected format.

Col1,Col2,Col3
100,a1,b1
200,a2,b2
300,a3,b3

After we copy and paste the data above in a file named "mydata.csv" with a text editor, we can read the data with the function read.csv.

```
> mydata = read.csv("mydata.csv") # read csv file
 mydata
>
  Coll Col2 Col3
1
   100
         a1
              b1
2
   200
         a2
              b2
3
  300
         a3
              b3
```

Exercise 1: Calculate and plot average temperature

Download dataset from the Climate Change Knowledge portal

- 1. Visit http://sdwebx.worldbank.org/climateportal/index.cfm
- 2. Click on the area, then country of your interest on the interactive map
- 3. Click the 'Click to download historical data' link
- 4. Select 'Temperature', the country and the time period you are interested in (See screenshot below)
- 5. Click 'Download Data To Excel', and save the file on your computer as temperatures.xls

ABOUT	DOWNLOAD DA	TA			
About Climate Change Knowledge Portal	About Data Disclaimer All historical and future climate data from the Climate Change Knowledge Portal are available for your download. Please select the available options to query data. Please make sure you agree to the Terms of Use and Disclaimer.				
START exploring now Explore global climate data					
	All available data is not intended for commercial purposes. Please contact us if you have any questions or inputs.				
10	updated to 2016. To reque	st the most updated data,	temperature, minimum temperature, ar , please send your email to climateport onthly vs. annual). Thank you!		
1	HISTORICAL PROJECTIONS FUTURE DOWNSCALED				
	Variable: Countr	у:	Time Period:		
	Temperature 🗘 Hunga	ary 🗢 untries to search	1991-2015 🗘		
"By providing information on	Add Co	unues to search			
lessons learned and insights				Download Data To Excel	
gained on adaptation to					
climate change from global,					
country, and sector-level					
analyses, the hope is to help					
policymakers worldwide					
prioritize actions, along with					
developing a robust,					
integrated approach for					
greater resilience to climate					
risks."					

Excel files downloaded from the <u>Climate Change Knowledge portal</u> are structured like this:

• tas: average temperature of a given country in a specific year and month

	A	В	С	D	E	F
1 2	tas 🛛	Year	Month	Country	ISO3	ISO2
2	-0,4326		1	HUN		
3	-2,6597	1991	2	HUN		
4	7,37497	1991	3	HUN		
5	8,91267	1991	4	HUN		
6	12,3143	1991	5	HUN		
7	18,5289		6	HUN		
8	21,6088	1991	7	HUN		
9	19,8747		8	HUN		
10	16,9864		9	HUN		
11	9,65744		10	HUN		
12	5,57551		11	HUN		
13	-1,9335		12	HUN		
14	-0,2991		1	HUN		
15	2,40148		2	HUN		
16	5,90079		3	HUN		
17	11,3545		4	HUN		
18	15,7719		5	HUN		
19	19,4253		6	HUN		
20	21,3481		7	HUN		
21	24,0015		8	HUN		
22	16,3708		9	HUN		
23	10,059		10	HUN		
24	5,77228		11	HUN		
25	-0,4692		12	HUN		
26	-0,4635		1	HUN		
27		1993	2	HUN		
28	3,94041		3	HUN		
29	10.6324	1993	4	HUN		

Calculate the Average Monthly Temperature with the R kernel of Jupyter

We will use R code in the EGI Jupyter Notebook service to process and plot the data:

- 1. Go to the training instance of the EGI Jupyter Notebook service: <u>https://training.fedcloud-</u>tf.fedcloud.eu (Note: the production instance of the service is at a different URL. You'll hear about that later.)
- 2. Click on 'Login with Check-in' and use your institutional account, or a Social Account for login (e.g ORCID, Google, Facebook, LinkedIn)
 - For further info, please check the "Instructions for accessing the EGI Jupyter Notebook" document.
- 3. Wait for your Jupyter server to boot up
- 4. Open a new **R** Notebook and save it under a new name (File/Save Notebook as)
- 5. Upload the XLS file into your Jupyter online folder residing on the left panel (use the same online folder where your notebook file is saved)
- 6. Use the gdata() library and the read.xls() method to read an Excel file from remote:

library(gdata) raw <- read.xls("temperatures.xls")

Note: Click on the play button to run the code segment where your cursor stands.

7. Use the **head()** method to display the first few rows of the imported dataset:

```
head(raw)
```

then click on the play button to run your code. A similar table should be displayed:

	x.month	X.Country	X.ISO3	X.ISO2
1991	1	HUN	NA	NA
1991	2	HUN	NA	NA
1991	3	HUN	NA	NA
1991	4	HUN	NA	NA
1991	5	HUN	NA	NA
1991	6	HUN	NA	NA
	1991 1991 1991 1991	1991 2 1991 3 1991 4 1991 5	1991 2 HUN 1991 3 HUN 1991 4 HUN 1991 5 HUN	1991 2 HUN NA 1991 3 HUN NA 1991 4 HUN NA 1991 5 HUN NA

8. use the **aggregate()** method to group temperatures per Year, and to calculate the mean average for each year:

datasets = aggregate(raw[, 1:2], list(raw\$X.Year), mean)

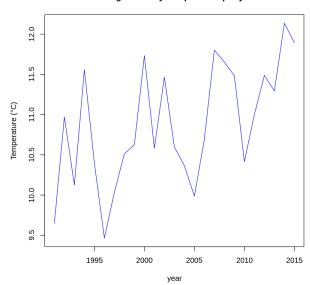
9. Print the average mean temperature per year:

print(datasets)

Group.1	tas	X.Year
1991	9.650657	1991
1992	10.969779	1992
1993	10.124949	1993
1994	11.558376	1994
1995	10.397354	1995
1996	9.466537	1996
1997	10.034405	1997
1998	10.513293	1998
1999	10.626378	1999
2000	11.732897	2000
2001	10.582294	2001
2002	11.465237	2002
2003	10.596760	2003
2004	10.364570	2004
2005	9.986383	2005
2006	10.695692	2006
2007	11.801325	2007
2008	11.651632	2008
2009	11.482057	2009
2010	10.415981	2010
2011	10.999680	2011
2012	11.487604	2012
2013	11.294179	2013
2014	12.134994	2014
2015	11.892313	2015
	1992 1993 1994 1995 1996 1997 1998 1999 2000 2001 2002 2003 2004 2005 2006 2007 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014	1991 9.650657 1992 10.969779 1993 10.124949 1994 11.558376 1995 10.397354 1996 9.466537 1997 10.034405 1998 10.513293 1999 10.626378 2000 11.732897 2001 10.582294 2002 11.465237 2003 10.596760 2004 10.364570 2005 9.986383 2006 10.695692 2007 11.801325 2008 11.651632 2009 11.482057 2010 10.415981 2011 10.999680 2012 11.487604 2013 11.294179 2014 12.134994

10. Drop the duplicate column (X.Year) and plot results:

plot (datasets[-3], type="1", col="blue", main="Average Monthly Temperature per year", xlab="year", ylab="Temperature (°C)")

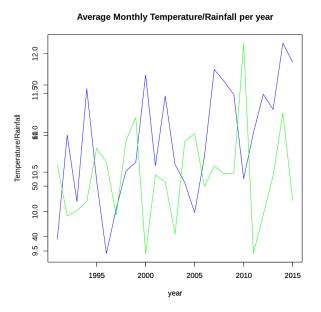


Average Monthly Temperature per year

See the <u>CCKP_AverageMonthlyTemperature.ipynb</u> notebook file as reference in the Samples folder.

Exercise 2: Calculate the average monthly rainfall

- 1.) Modify the <u>CCKP_AverageMonthlyTemperature.ipynb</u> file to calculate the average monthly rainfall as datasets.
- 2.) Plot the average monthly temperature and rainfall in the same plot.
 - Tip: Download rainfall data into another file, then use par(new=TRUE) with plot().



See the <u>CCKP_AverageMonthlyTemperatureRainfall.ipynb</u> notebook file as reference in the Samples folder.